# Deciding endo-fixedness 

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- $H \leqslant \mathbb{Z}^{n}$ is 1 -auto-fixed $\Leftrightarrow \quad H$ is a direct summand of $\mathbb{Z}^{n}$,
- All is easy from algorithmic point of view.

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\end{gathered}
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Dually,

- $H \leqslant F_{n}$ is 1 -auto-fixed $\Leftrightarrow H=\operatorname{Fix}(\varphi)$ for some $\varphi \in \operatorname{Aut}\left(F_{n}\right)$,
- $H \leqslant F_{n}$ is 1-endo-fixed $\Leftrightarrow H=\operatorname{Fix}(\varphi)$ for some $\varphi \in \operatorname{End}\left(F_{n}\right)$,
- $H \leqslant F_{n}$ is auto-fixed $\Leftrightarrow H=\operatorname{Fix}(S)$ for some $S \subseteq \operatorname{Aut}\left(F_{n}\right)$,
- $H \leqslant F_{n}$ is endo-fixed $\Leftrightarrow H=\operatorname{Fix}(S)$ for some $\subseteq$ End $\left(F_{n}\right)$.


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Example. (Stallings automorphism) Let

$$
\begin{aligned}
\varphi: F_{4} & \rightarrow F_{4} \\
a & \mapsto d a c \\
b & \mapsto c^{-1} a^{-1} d^{-1} a c \\
c & \mapsto c^{-1} a^{-1} b^{-1} a c \\
d & \mapsto c^{-1} a^{-1} b c
\end{aligned}
$$

Then $\operatorname{Fix}(\varphi)=\langle w\rangle$, where

$$
\begin{aligned}
w= & c^{-1} a^{-1} b d^{-1} c^{-1} a^{-1} d^{-1} a d^{-1} c^{-1} b^{-1} a c d a d a c d c d b c d a^{-1} a^{-1} d^{-1} a^{-1} \\
& d^{-1} c^{-1} a^{-1} d^{-1} c^{-1} b^{-1} d^{-1} c^{-1} d^{-1} c^{-1} \text { daabcdaccdb} b^{-1} a^{-1} .
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Known results:

- [Bestvina-Handel, 1989] For every $\varphi \in \operatorname{Aut}\left(F_{n}\right), r(\operatorname{Fix}(\varphi)) \leqslant n$.

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- [Martino-V., 2004] Explicit description of 1-auto-fixed subgroups of $F_{n}$.
- [Martino-V.] If $\varphi \in$ End $\left(F_{3}\right)$ fixes $[a, b]=a^{-1} b^{-1} a b$ and $[a, c]=a^{-1} c^{-1} a c$, then it must also fix $a$. Hence, $H=\langle[a, b],[a, c]\rangle$ is not endo-fixed.
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[Martino-V.] In $F_{3}, H_{r, s, t}=\left\langle b, c a^{r} c b^{s} a^{t} b^{-s} c^{-1}\right\rangle$ is 1-endo-fixed; but it is 1 -auto-fixed if and only if $r s t=0$.

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Theorem. (V., 2008) Given $H \leqslant F_{n}$, it is algorithmically decidable whether
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Idea of proof.

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Idea of proof. a) is easy because a classical result by McCool says that $\operatorname{Aut}_{H}\left(F_{n}\right)=\left\{\varphi \in \operatorname{Aut}\left(F_{n}\right) \mid H \leqslant \operatorname{Fix}(\varphi)\right\} \leqslant \operatorname{Aut}\left(F_{n}\right)$ is finitely generated and computable,

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- Using Stallings, compute $\bar{H}=\operatorname{Fix}\left(\varphi_{1}\right) \cap \cdots \cap \operatorname{Fix}\left(\varphi_{k}\right) \geqslant H$.
- Clearly, $H$ is auto-fixed $\Leftrightarrow \bar{H}=H$.
b) is more complicated because, in general,

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\operatorname{End}_{H}\left(F_{n}\right)=\left\{\varphi \in \operatorname{End}\left(F_{n}\right) \mid H \leqslant \operatorname{Fix}(\varphi)\right\}
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Definition. The auto-closure and endo-closure of $H$ in $F_{n}$ are

$$
\begin{aligned}
& a-C l_{F_{n}}(H)=\operatorname{Fix}\left(\operatorname{Aut}_{H}\left(F_{n}\right)\right) \geqslant H, \\
& e-C l_{F_{n}}(H)=\operatorname{Fix}\left(\operatorname{End}_{H}\left(F_{n}\right)\right) \geqslant H .
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Claim: Bases for $a-C l_{F_{n}}(H)$ and $e-C l_{F_{n}}(H)$ are algorithmically computable.
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- We have already computed $\bar{H}=a-C l_{F_{n}}(H)$.
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Theorem. (Takahasi, 1951; 3 indep. others, ~ 2000) If $H \leqslant F_{n}$ is finitely generated, then its set of algebraic extensions, $\mathcal{A E}(H)$, is non-empty, finite and computable.

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Definition. Let $H \leqslant K \leqslant F_{n}$. One says that $H$ is a retract of $K$ if the identity $H \rightarrow H$ extends to an (idempotent) morphism $\rho: K \rightarrow H$.

Theorem. (Turner) Given $H \leqslant F_{n}$ finitely generated, it is algorithmically decidable whether $H$ is a retract of $F_{n}$.

Technical Lemma. Let $H \leqslant F_{n}$, and $\mathcal{A E}_{\text {ret }}(H)=\left\{H_{0}=H, \ldots, H_{s}\right\}$ be the set of algebraic extensions of $H$ where $H$ is a retract. Then,

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e-C l_{F_{n}}(H)=a-C l_{H_{0}}(H) \cap \cdots \cap a-C l_{H_{s}}(H)
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Technical Lemma. Let $H \leqslant F_{n}$, and $\mathcal{A E}_{r e t}(H)=\left\{H_{0}=H, \ldots, H_{s}\right\}$ be the set of algebraic extensions of $H$ where $H$ is a retract.
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## THANKS

