# Deciding endo-fixedness

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Easy to see that:

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- $((1,0,0),(0,2,4)) \leq \mathbb{Z}^3$  is not 1-auto-fixed,
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- $\langle (1,0,0),(0,2,4)\rangle \leqslant \mathbb{Z}^3$  is not 1-auto-fixed,
- ullet  $H\leqslant \mathbb{Z}^n$  is 1-auto-fixed  $\Leftrightarrow$  H is a direct summand of  $\mathbb{Z}^n$ ,
- All is easy from algorithmic point of view.

Consider the  $F_n$  the free group of rank n, and its automorphism group  $\operatorname{Aut}(F_n)$ .

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Given  $\varphi \in \text{End}(F_n)$  and  $S \subseteq \text{End}(F_n)$ ,

$$\operatorname{Fix}(\varphi) = \{ w \in F_n \mid w\varphi = w \} \leqslant F_n,$$

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Dually,

- $H \leqslant F_n$  is 1-auto-fixed  $\Leftrightarrow H = \text{Fix}(\varphi)$  for some  $\varphi \in \text{Aut}(F_n)$ ,
- $H \leqslant F_n$  is 1-endo-fixed  $\Leftrightarrow H = \text{Fix}(\varphi)$  for some  $\varphi \in \text{End}(F_n)$ ,
- $H \leqslant F_n$  is auto-fixed  $\Leftrightarrow H = Fix(S)$  for some  $S \subseteq Aut(F_n)$ ,
- $H \leqslant F_n$  is *endo-fixed*  $\Leftrightarrow H = \text{Fix}(S)$  for some  $\subseteq \text{End}(F_n)$ .

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- $v^r \in \text{Fix}(\varphi) \implies v \in \text{Fix}(\varphi)$ ,
- $\bullet$  H is a free factor of  $F_n \not= H$  is 1-auto-fixed,
- All the rest (including decidability) is much more complicated.

### **Example.** (Stallings automorphism) Let

$$\varphi \colon F_{4} \longrightarrow F_{4}$$

$$a \mapsto dac$$

$$b \mapsto c^{-1}a^{-1}d^{-1}ac$$

$$c \mapsto c^{-1}a^{-1}b^{-1}ac$$

$$d \mapsto c^{-1}a^{-1}bc$$

$$w = c^{-1}a^{-1}bd^{-1}c^{-1}a^{-1}d^{-1}ad^{-1}c^{-1}b^{-1}acdadacdcdbcda^{-1}a^{-1}d^{-1}a^{-1}d^{-1}c^{-1}d^{-1}c^{-1}d^{-1}c^{-1}daabcdaccdb^{-1}a^{-1}.$$

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#### Known results:

• [Bestvina-Handel, 1989] For every  $\varphi \in \text{Aut}(F_n)$ ,  $r(\text{Fix}(\varphi)) \leqslant n$ .

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- [Martino-V., 2004] Explicit description of 1-auto-fixed subgroups of  $F_n$ .

• [Martino-V.] If  $\varphi \in \text{End}(F_3)$  fixes  $[a,b] = a^{-1}b^{-1}ab$  and  $[a,c] = a^{-1}c^{-1}ac$ , then it must also fix a. Hence,  $H = \langle [a,b], [a,c] \rangle$  is not endo-fixed.

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**Theorem.** (V., 2008) Given  $H \leq F_n$ , it is algorithmically decidable whether

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Idea of proof.

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**Idea of proof**. a) is easy because a classical result by McCool says that  $\operatorname{Aut}_H(F_n) = \{\varphi \in \operatorname{Aut}(F_n) \mid H \leqslant \operatorname{Fix}(\varphi)\} \leqslant \operatorname{Aut}(F_n)$  is finitely generated and computable,

• Using McCool, compute  $\varphi_1, \ldots, \varphi_k$  s.t.  $\operatorname{Aut}_H(F_n) = \langle \varphi_1, \ldots, \varphi_k \rangle$ ,

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- Using Stallings, compute  $\overline{H} = \text{Fix}(\varphi_1) \cap \cdots \cap \text{Fix}(\varphi_k) \geqslant H$ .

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- Using Stallings, compute  $\overline{H} = \text{Fix}(\varphi_1) \cap \cdots \cap \text{Fix}(\varphi_k) \geqslant H$ .
- Clearly, H is auto-fixed  $\Leftrightarrow \overline{H} = H$ .

b) is more complicated because, in general,

$$\operatorname{End}_{H}(F_{n}) = \{ \varphi \in \operatorname{End}(F_{n}) \mid H \leqslant \operatorname{Fix}(\varphi) \}$$

is not finitely generated as submonoid of End  $(F_n)$ .

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**Definition.** The auto-closure and endo-closure of H in  $F_n$  are

$$a\text{-}Cl_{F_n}(H) = Fix(Aut_H(F_n)) \geqslant H,$$

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**Claim:** Bases for a- $Cl_{F_n}(H)$  and e- $Cl_{F_n}(H)$  are algorithmically computable.

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• We have already computed  $\overline{H} = a - Cl_{F_n}(H)$ .

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**Theorem.** (Turner) Given  $H \leq F_n$  finitely generated, it is algorithmically decidable whether H is a retract of  $F_n$ .

$$e\text{-}Cl_{F_n}(H) = a\text{-}Cl_{H_0}(H) \cap \cdots \cap a\text{-}Cl_{H_s}(H)$$

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### Algorithm for computing the endo-cloure of H:

• By Takahasi, compute  $\mathcal{AE}(H) = \{H_0 = H, \dots, H_r\}$ ,

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- $Cl_{F_n}(H) = a$ - $Cl_{H_0}(H) \cap \cdots \cap a$ - $Cl_{H_s}(H)$ 

- By Takahasi, compute  $\mathcal{AE}(H) = \{H_0 = H, \dots, H_r\}$ ,
- By Turner, choose those  $H_i$  where H is a retract,  $\mathcal{AE}_{ret}(H) = \{H_0 = H, \dots, H_s\}, s \leqslant r$ ,

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- ullet By comp. of auto-closures, compute  $a\text{-}Cl_{H_0}(H),\ldots,a\text{-}Cl_{H_s}(H)$ ,

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- ullet By comp. of auto-closures, compute  $a\text{-}Cl_{H_0}(H),\ldots,a\text{-}Cl_{H_s}(H)$ ,
- By Stallings, compute  $a-Cl_{H_0}(H)\cap \cdots \cap a-Cl_{H_s}(H)$ ,

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- By Stallings, compute  $a-Cl_{H_0}(H)\cap \cdots \cap a-Cl_{H_s}(H)$ ,
- ullet By the Technical Lemma, this equals  $e\text{-}Cl_{F_n}(H)$ .

# **THANKS**